



# **Public-Private Partnerships For the Urban Environment (PPPUE)**



# PPPUE Objectives

## Development

To increase access of the urban poor to basic services through Private Sector Participation and contribute to the achievement of the MDGs.

## Learning

To promote development, collection and dissemination of knowledge on local level pro-poor public-private partnership (PPP)



# PPPUE Programme Focus

## ➤ **Focus on Small and Medium-sized cities**

Population between 20,000 and 500,000 inhabitants.

## ➤ **Focus on PPP with poverty reduction impacts**

Service extension to poor urban neighbourhoods and job creation for the disadvantaged communities.

## ➤ **Focus on Basic Urban Services**

Water Supply and Sanitation, Solid Waste Management, Local Energy Services, Central Municipal Services.



# PPP: Who are the Partners?

## Government

*National Government,  
Federal States,  
Municipalities*

## Business

*National & International,  
Formal & Informal  
Enterprises*



## Civil Society

*Communities, NGOs,  
Universities,  
Research Centres*



# PPPUE INSTRUMENTS



**Innovative  
Partnership Grants (IPG)**

**Local Level  
Activities**  
*(Up to \$US 100,000)*

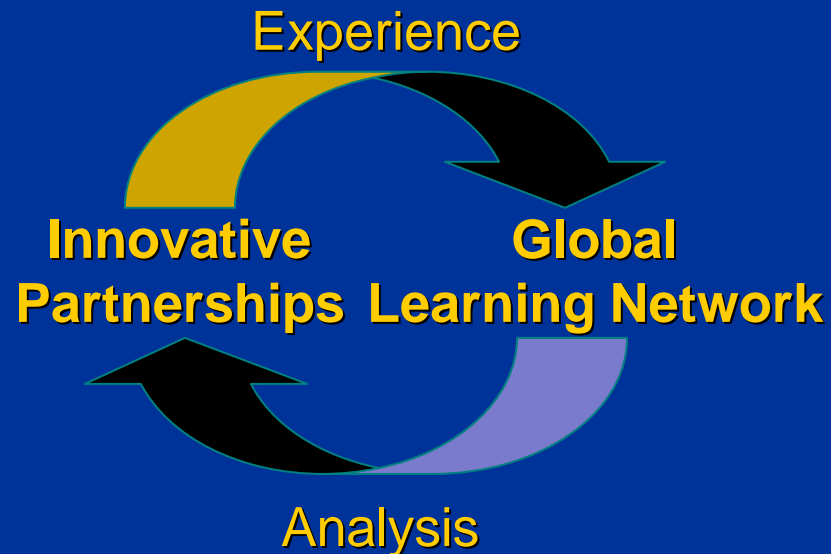
**Global Learning  
Network (GLN)**

**Global and Regional  
Activities**



# Purpose of the GLN

- Provide a constant feedback mechanism which closes the gap between local level experience and global level analysis and learning.
- Provide a forum for sharing lessons, and analysing and disseminating cutting edge thinking on pro-poor PPP for basic service delivery.





# IPGs: Characteristics

## 1. Main Focus

- PPP
- Basic urban public service delivery
- Poverty alleviation

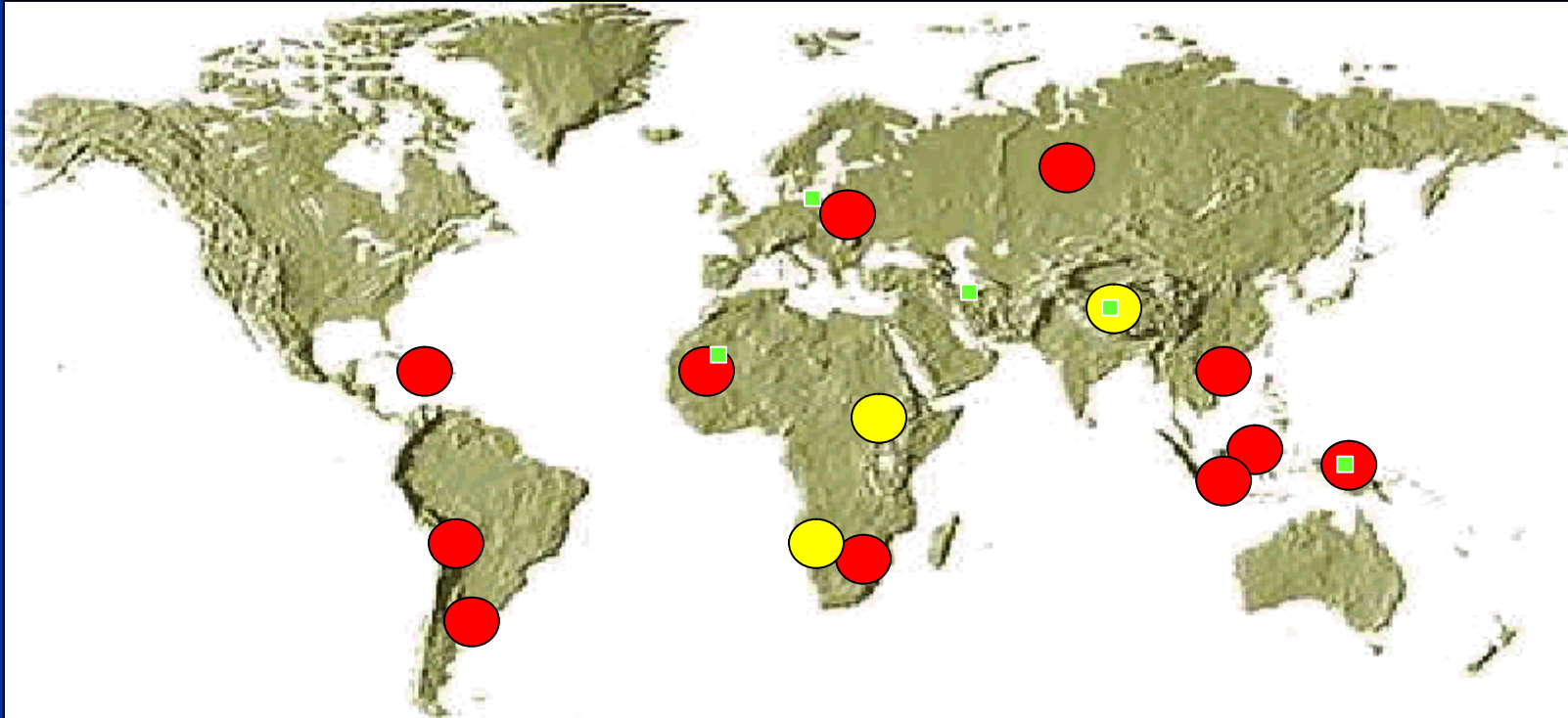
## 2. *IPGs are selected through a global competition*

## 3. *Areas of support*

- *Establishing Adequate Policy, Legal and Institutional Frameworks for local PPP.*
- *Building Local Capacity for PPP*
- *Facilitate the implementation of Innovative pro-poor PPP*



# Local level activities: 1st generation



● IPGs: Mauritania, Mozambique, Indonesia, Lao PDR, Malaysia, Filipinas, Russia, Ukraine, Argentina Haiti, Peru

● National Programmes: Namibia, Uganda, Nepal

■ Other smaller interventions: Mali, Iran, Nepal, Filipinas y Poland





# Selected PPPUE Results

- ⇒ Development of National Policy Guidelines on pro-poor PPP in Nepal and Namibia.
- ⇒ Local level PPP policy and regulation in Nepal.
- ⇒ Comprehensive training programme on local PPP (policies, options, regulation, contract monitoring and compliance) delivered through a network of Universities and reputable Training institutions worldwide.
- ⇒ A Municipal PPP Toolkit developed and tested in PPP projects.
- ⇒ Establishment of a PPP Community of Practice involving partners from governments, donors, UN Agencies, NGOs and Businesses worldwide.
- ⇒ A dynamic Learning Network of more than 2000 members generating a new collaborative effort on pro-poor PPP around the world.



# Some Lessons Learned

- ⇒ Effective reforms for Municipal PPP should be inclusive and involve all stakeholders (LG, Business & CBO/NGO)
- ⇒ Inclusive regulations that accommodate Community-based approaches in service delivery.
- ⇒ Capacity building is needed for all stakeholders (incl PS).
- ⇒ Knowledge documentation, codification and sharing are key to build and maintain a dynamic community of PPP practitioners and ensure success of new PPP initiatives.
- ⇒ Need to empower local communities to allow them to participate in policy making processes and monitoring of services provided through PPP.



# IPGs: the next generation

- ⇒ PPP Projects for all urban basic services except waste management: deadline 30 June 2005
- ⇒ PPP projects on waste management: competition will be launched in the coming months.



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